

Protocols for Equipment Rated Greater Than 15,000 PSI

**PER15K - HPHT
Equipment
Development Process**

PER15K TASK GROUP

API HPHT Task Group Deliverables

For the Development of Safe, Reliable, Fit-for-Use Products Outside of the Scope of Existing International E&P Standards Outline a Detailed Methodology for the:

Establishment of Product Essential Design Inputs (Basis of Design)

Identification of:

- Pressure, Temperature, & Applied Loads From Systems Analysis**
- Product Life Cycle Requirements**
- Product Reliability Requirements & Potential Failure Modes**
- Material Data for Exposed Environments**

Appropriate Product Design and Life Cycle Analysis Techniques

Establishment of Product Design Validation Protocols and Qualification Criteria

Identification of Essential:

- Manufacturing Process Control**
- Inspection Requirements**

Establishment of the Essential Storage, Handling and Use Parameters

Identification of Ongoing Data Collection and Product Performance Feedback

Drivers for API to Perform this Work

New product technology without significant industry experience

High Pressure thick wall forged bodies have a different failure mode which results in Fast Fracture as opposed to “Leak Before Burst” and requires different analysis techniques.

Challenging physical and environmental conditions of new E&P developments, beyond the limits of traditional industry standards.

Advanced design and analysis capabilities.

Industry commitment to the technical integrity and HSE associated with industry challenges.

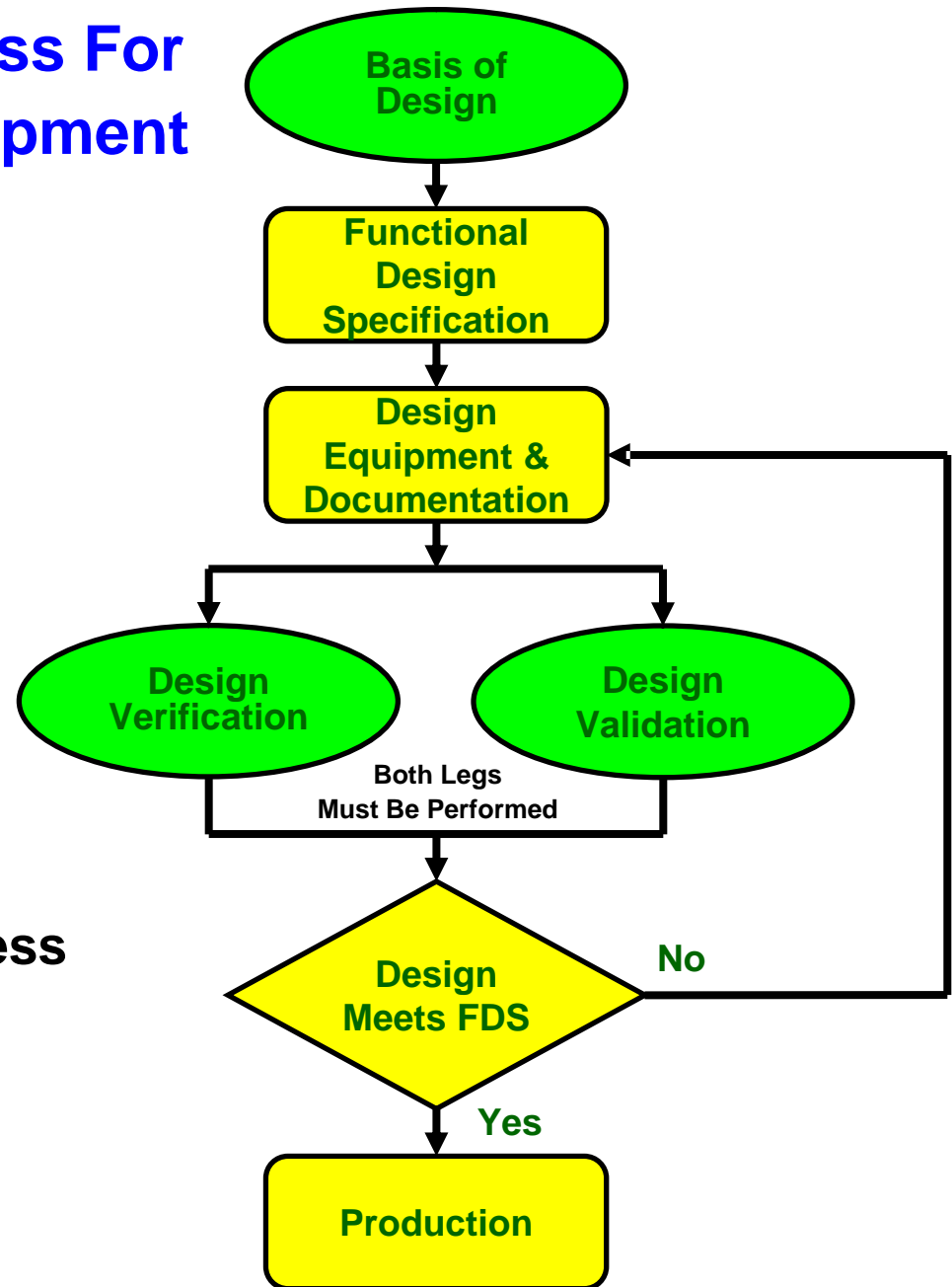
Availability of significant historical experience and lessons-learned:

1980's: 30,000 psi wellhead and Xmas tree equipment

1990's: 300+ deg. F wellhead and Xmas tree equipment

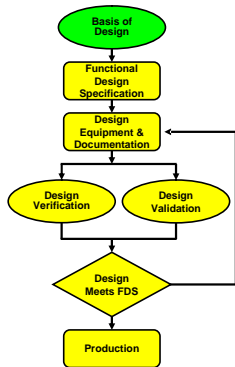
2000's: Advanced design analysis capabilities and design codes

Product Development Process For Existing or New Design Equipment



Fit for Purpose Qualification Process

Development Process



API Design Verification

7.3.5 Design and development verification

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems—Requirements

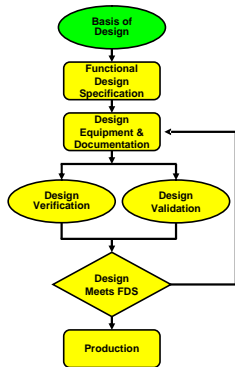
7.3.5 Design and development verification

Verification shall be performed in accordance with planned arrangements (see 7.3.1) to ensure that the design and development outputs have met the design and development input requirements. Records of the results of the verification and any necessary actions shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

Note: Design verification activities can include one or more of the following:

- a. Confirming the accuracy of design results through the performance of alternative calculations.
- b. Review of design output documents independent of activities of 7.3.4.
- c. Comparing new designs to similar proven designs.

Development Process



API Design Validation

7.3.6 Design and development validation

ISO 9001:2000, Quality management systems —Requirements

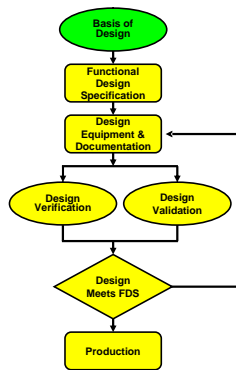
7.3.6 Design and development validation

Design and development validation shall be performed in accordance with planned arrangements (see 7.3.1) to ensure that the resulting product is capable of meeting the requirements for the specified application or intended use, where known. Wherever practicable, validation shall be completed prior to the delivery or implementation of the product. Records of the results of validation and any necessary actions shall be maintained (see 4.2.4).

Note: Design validation can include one or more of the following:

- a. Prototype tests.
- b. Functional and/or operational tests of production products.
- c. Tests specified by industry standards and/or regulatory requirements.
- d. Field performance tests and reviews.

Development
Process



Project Basis of Design

Operational Specific Basis of Design

Equipment Location – Surface or Subsea

Location Environment – Max / Min

Pressure – Inside / Outside

Maximum / Minimum / Transient / Steady State

Various Flow Rates

Temperature – Inside / Outside

Maximum / Minimum / Transient / Steady State

Various Flow Rates

Environmental Exposure

Outside (seawater, drilling and completion fluids, etc)

Inside (seawater, drilling and completion fluids, etc)

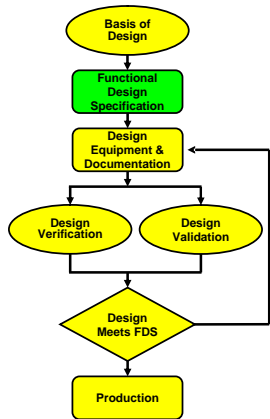
Reservoir Surfaces Contact

Reservoir Chemistry

Anticipated Life Cycle Operating Requirements

Interventions, Work Over, Shutdowns, etc.

Development
Process



Functional Design Specification

Operational Statement of Requirements

System Description

Operating Conditions based on Basis of Design

Known Applied Loads

System Analysis to Obtain all Component Loads

Include all Pertinent Equipment Interfaces

Study Installation and Removal Loads

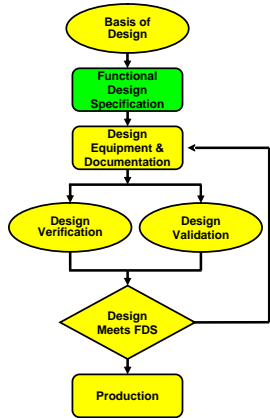
Study Start-up, Steady State, Shut-down

Failure Modes & Effect Analysis of Components

Life Cycle Operations for System/Components

Environments in Contact w/ Wetted Surfaces

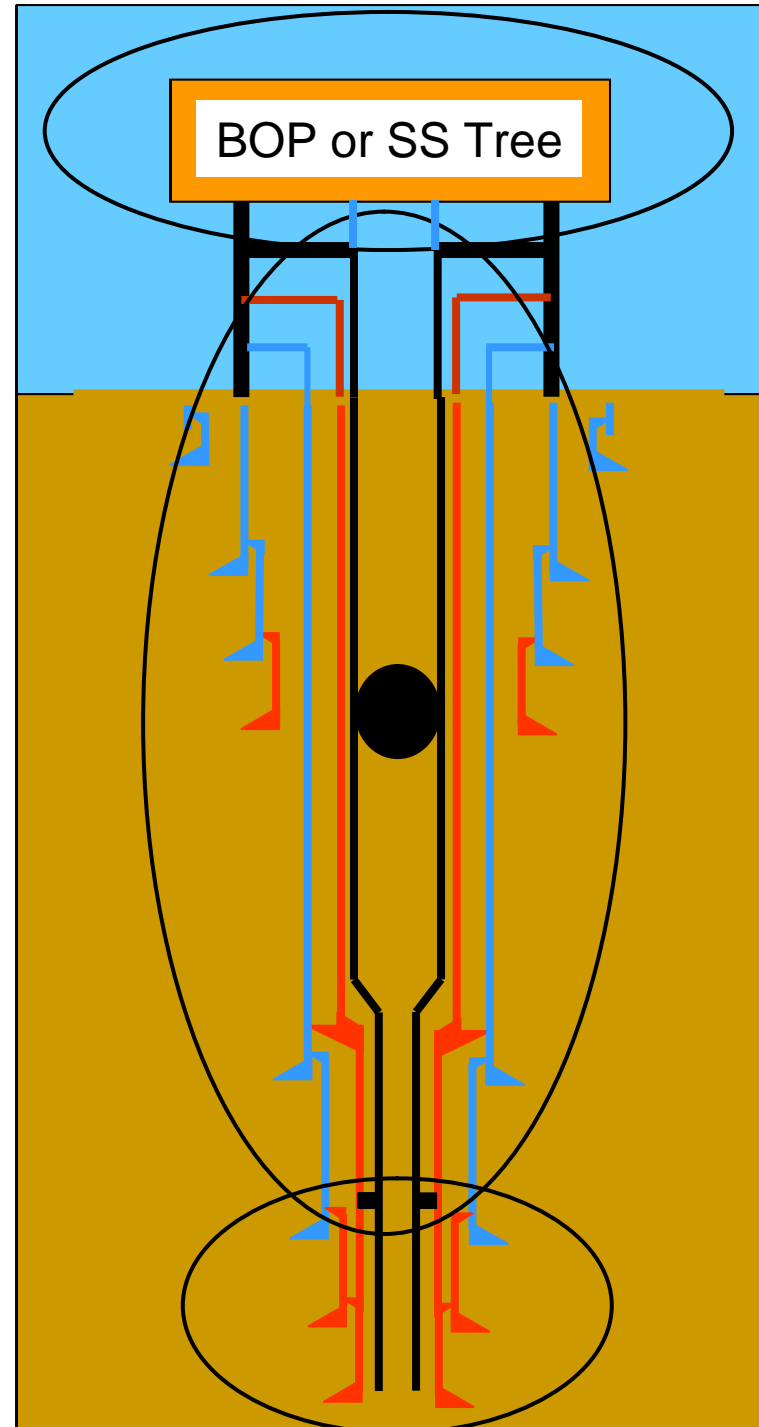
**Development
Process**



**Above
Wellhead**

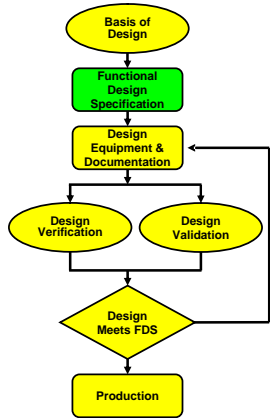
**Wellhead
Casing
Tubing**

**Completion
Equipment**

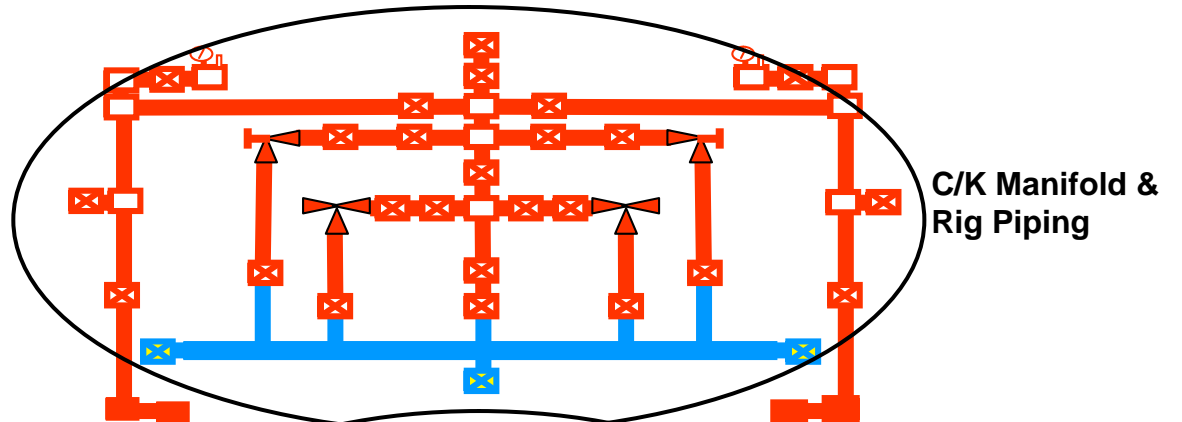


System Analysis Specification Breaks

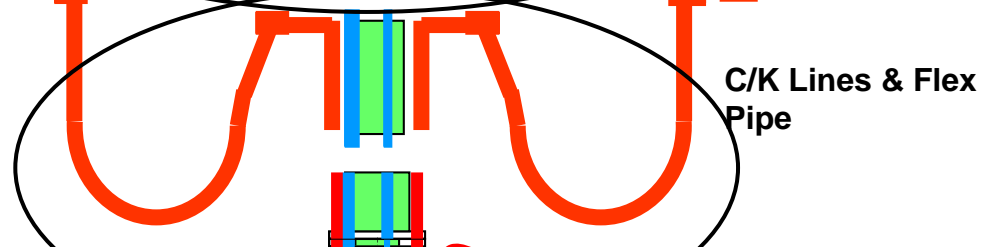
Development Process



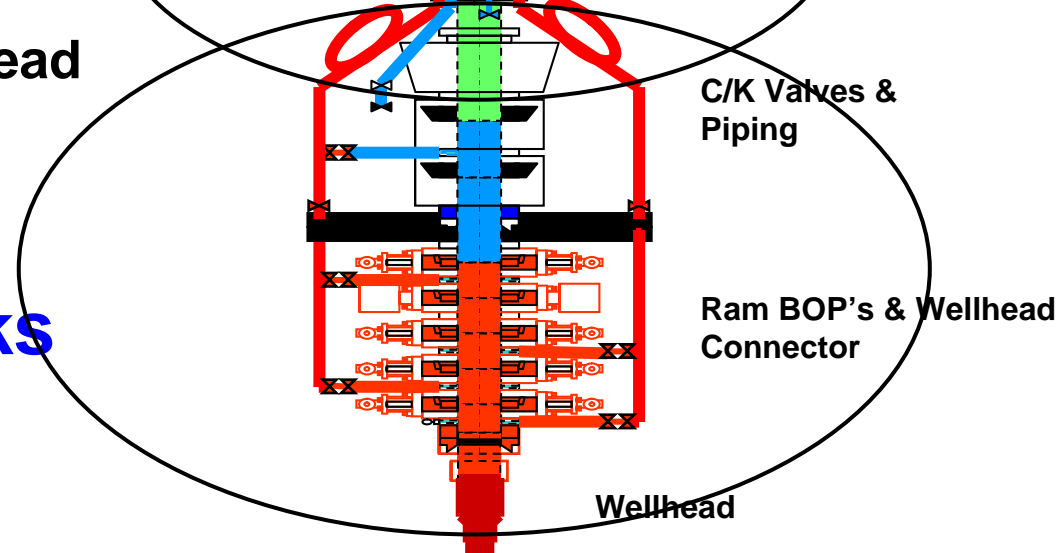
Surface



Riser



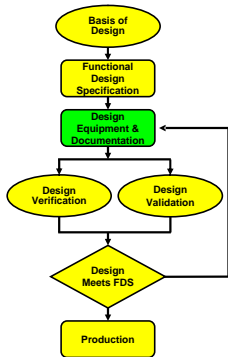
BOP & Wellhead



System Analysis Specification Breaks

Well Construction
Well Completion
Well Intervention

Development
Process



Design & Documentation

Design Specifications and Practices

Applicable Industry Standards

Customer Specifications

Company Proprietary IP

Determine Design Envelope & Interface Dimensions

Determine Physical Operating Envelope

Functional Issues (outlets, door openings, etc.)

Material / Welding Specifications

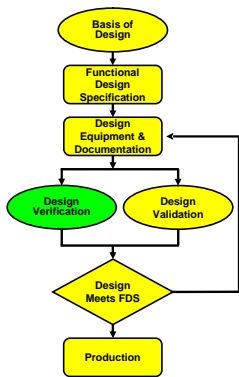
NDE Criteria

Specify Design Verification Analysis Requirements

Specify Design Validation Testing Requirements

Write Design Verification & Validation Quality Plans

Development
Process



Design Verification

Uses Functional Specification as Inputs

Design Material Properties

Material Properties At Design Temperature (Inside & Out)

Material Properties In Service Environment (Inside & Out)

Determine Minimum Detectable Flaw Size (inspection)

Comprehensive Design Conditions Analyses

Static, Dynamic, & Transient

Pressure (Inside and Out)

Thermal (Inside and Out)

Loads (Tension, Bending, & Torsion)

Stress Analysis Using FEA

Comprehensive Design Conditions (Operating)

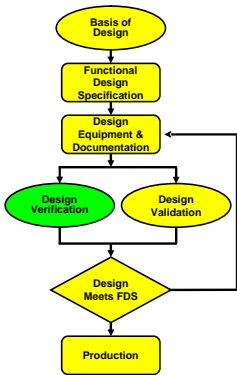
Hydrostatic Proof Test

Life Cycle Fatigue Analysis

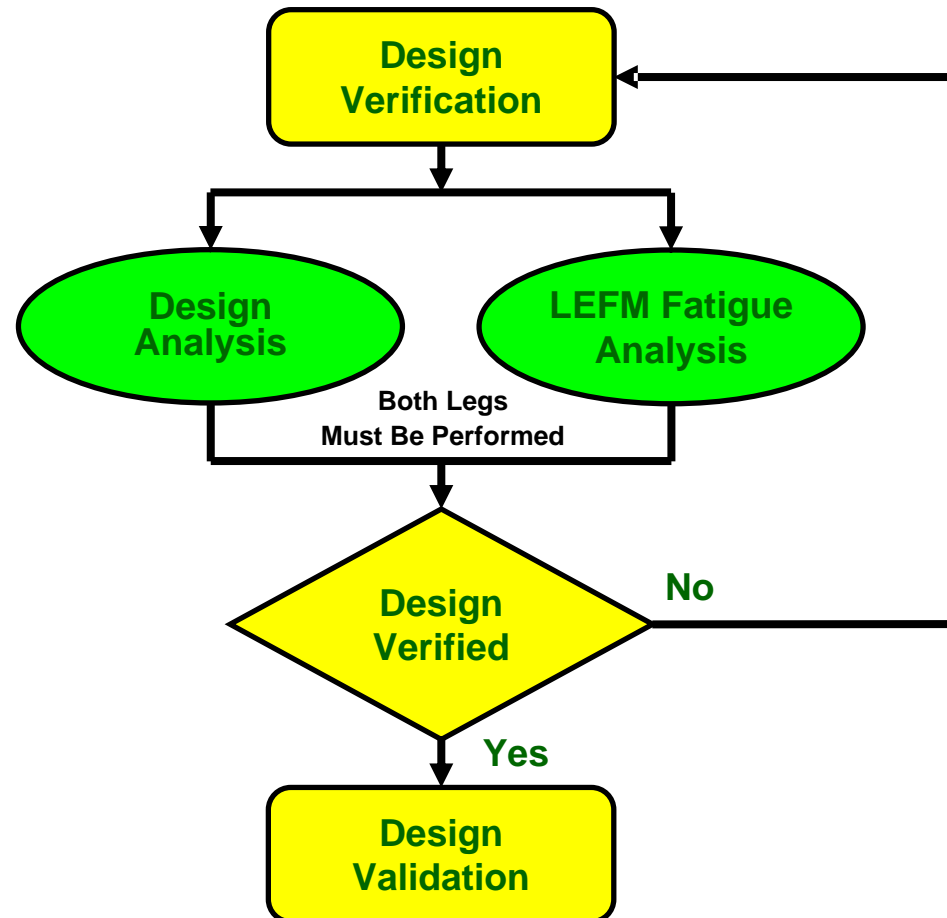
Fracture Mechanics/S-N Curves

Cycles to Failure

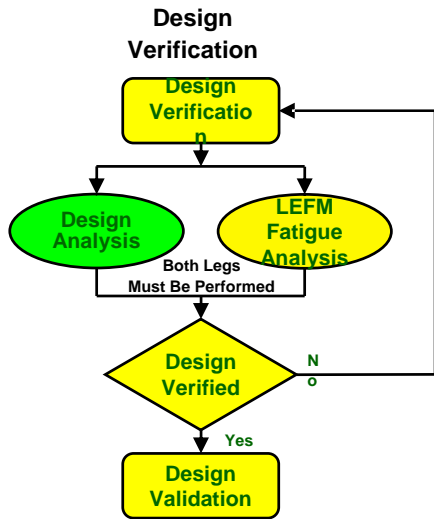
Development
Process



Design Verification Analysis

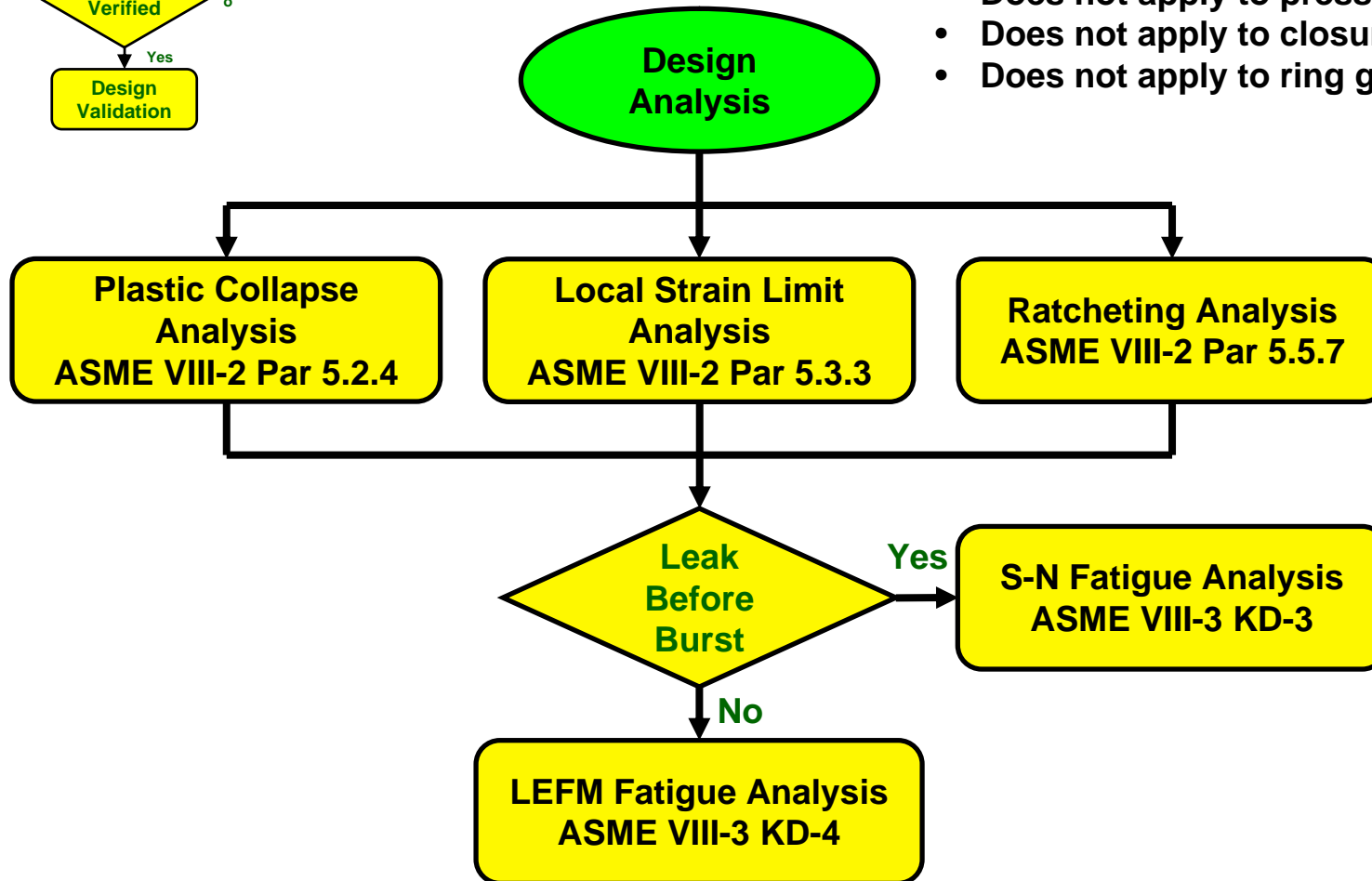


Design Analysis

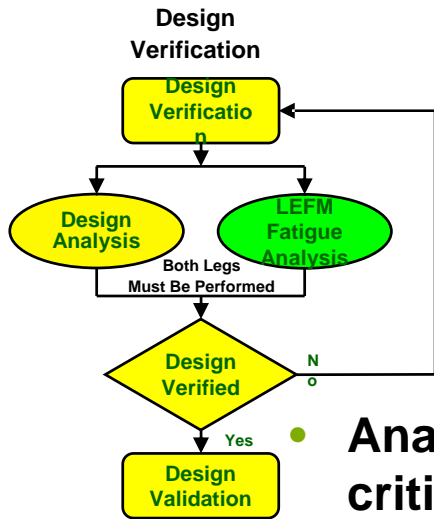


Design Verification Analysis

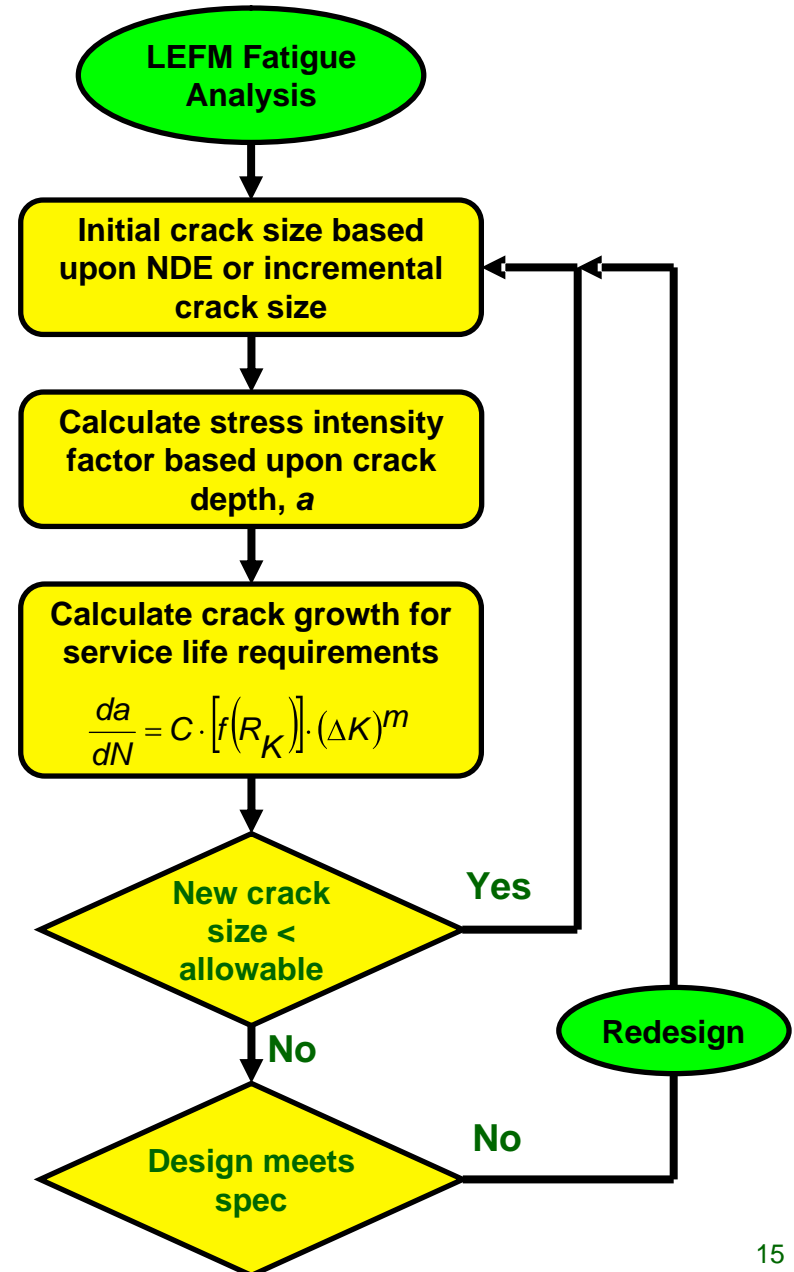
- Applies to pressure containing parts
- Does not apply to pressure retaining parts
- Does not apply to closure bolting
- Does not apply to ring gaskets

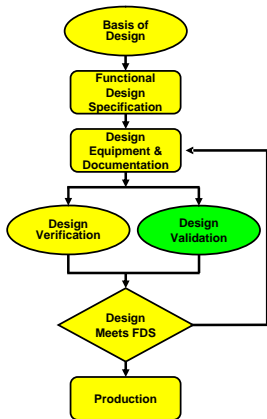


LEFM Fatigue Analysis



- Analysis required for each critical section
- Assume initial crack size based upon NDE capability
- Crack aspect ratio should be updated as crack grows
- Use appropriate material crack growth rate data for environment and loading
- Allowable crack size based upon ASME Div 3 KD-412 or Other Acceptable Criteria





Design Validation

Design Test Program

Use Functional Design Specifications

Validate Design Verification

In-situ Temperature Requirements

Inside and Outside

Dynamic, Transient, and Steady-State

In-Service Load Conditions

Pressure & All Applied Loads (Tension, Bending, Etc)

Inside and Outside

Dynamic, Transient, and Steady-State

Measure and Monitor Peak Stresses

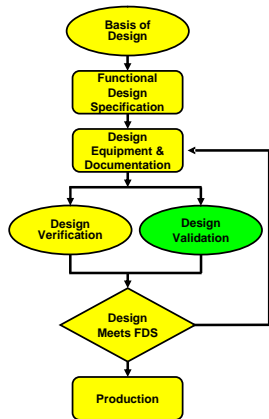
Establish Reliability Goals and Testing Methodology

If Physical Tests are Impractical

Analytical Simulations

Scale Model Tests

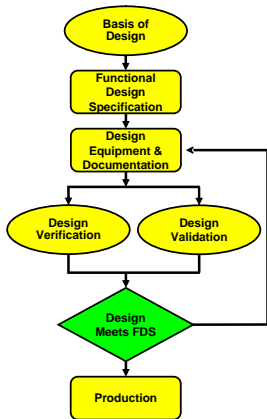
Tests of Less Magnitude - Scale



Design Validation protocol development Using FMEA (Failure Mode and Effects Analysis)

- **FMEA, Failure Mode and Effects Analysis is a bottoms up approach to analyzing system design and performance. FMEAs employ probability of failure categories based on probability ranges.**
- **FMECA, Failure Mode, Effects and Criticality Analysis is based on MIL-STD-1629, "Procedures for Performing a Failure Mode, Effects and Criticality Analysis". In a FMECA, the probability of a specific failure occurring is given as a numerical prediction.**
- **A FMEA is qualitative, whereas a FMECA is a quantitative analysis. The proper category is determined by the experience and expertise of the analyst, instead of a mathematical probability calculation involving actual component failure rates.**

**Development
Process**



Design Meets Functional Design Specification (FDS)

**Both Legs of Process Flowchart Must be Satisfied
The Design Validation Process Confirms the
Design Verification Results**

**Document All Design, Verification & Validation Data
Design Specifications and Practices**

Applicable Industry Standards

Customer Specifications

Company Proprietary IP

Material / Welding Specifications

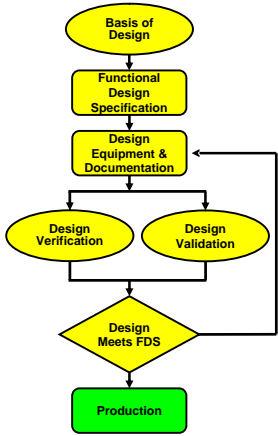
NDE Criteria

Design Verification Analysis

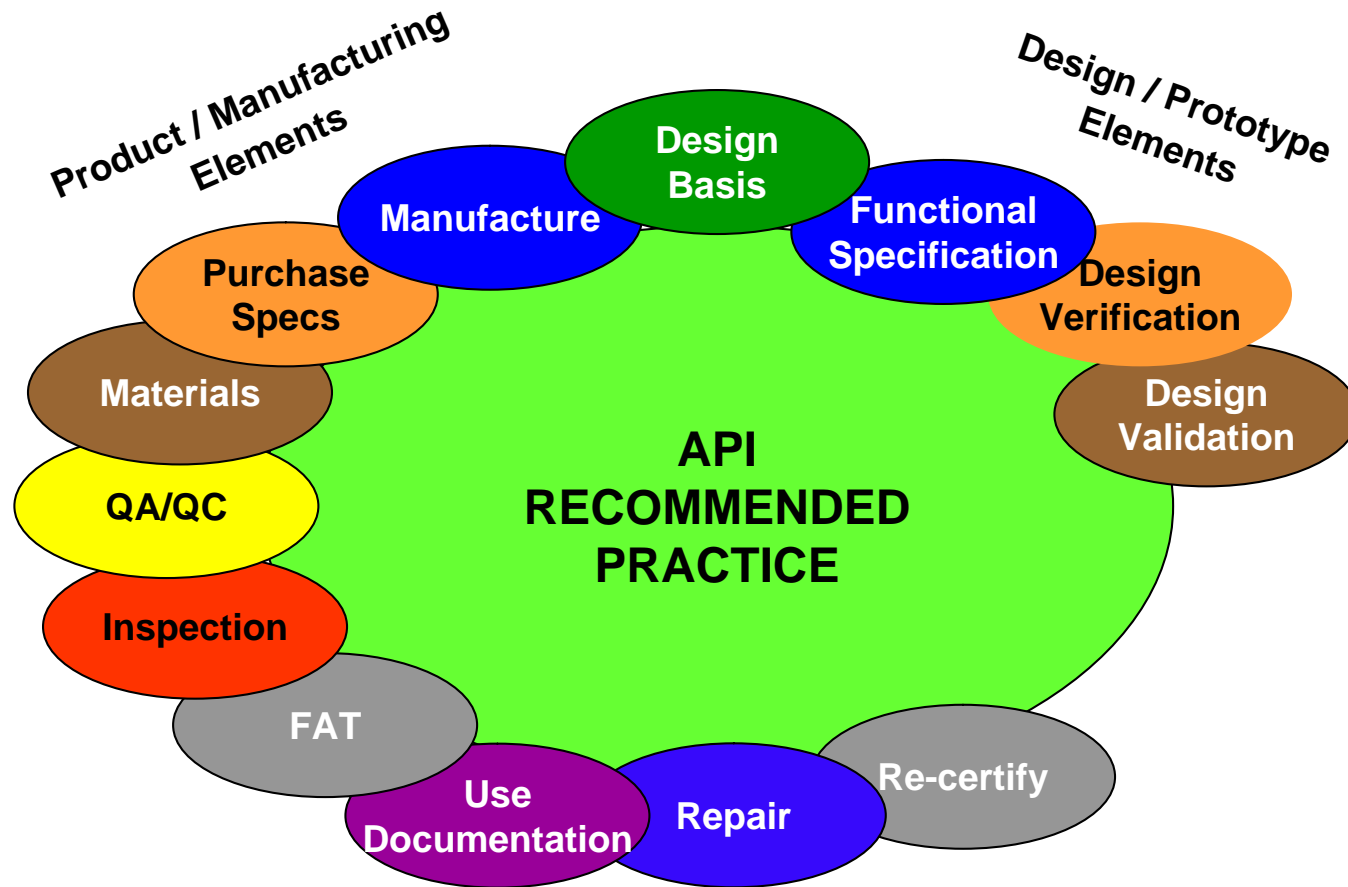
Design Validation Testing

Quality Plans

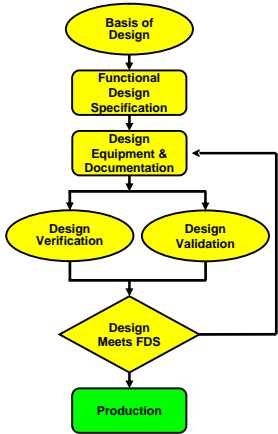
Development Process



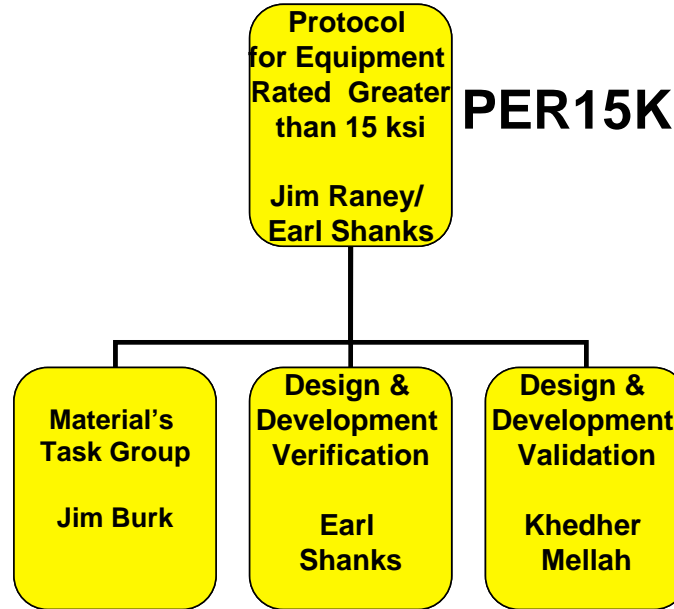
Elements Required to Complete The Manufacturing Process



Development Process

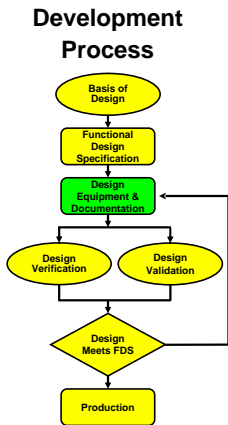


Proposed Timeline for PER15K



PER15K form as a task group under the ESC.

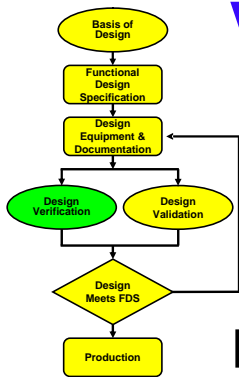
Proposed Time Line for PER15K														
Task	Dates	Jan '09	Feb '09	Mar '09	Apr '09	May '09	Jun '09	Jul '09	Aug '09	Sept '09	Oct '09	Nov '09	Dec '09	Jan '10
Presentation at the API Winter Meeting	Jan '09.	█												
Set meeting with vendors and operators	Jan-June '09	█	█	█	█	█	█							
Hold quarterly meeting to generate a draft document	Jan-Sept '09.	█	█	█	█	█	█	█	█	█				
1 st Draft, Review draft.	Oct '09.									█	█	█		
2 nd Draft, Present at Winter API Meeting	Jan'10.												█	█



Materials Deliverables and Timeline

- Re-initiate Materials Task Group monthly meetings ***February 2009***
- Establish lists of Materials and Property Requirements-***June 2009***
 - Elastic properties-Modulus & Poisson's ratio with temperature
 - Mechanical strength –yield and ultimate with temperature
 - Fracture Toughness – CVN, KIC/JIC with temperature
 - Fatigue – S/N and crack Growth rate
 - Environments – Air & Seawater
- Populate materials property tables – ***October 2009***
- Establish additional data requirements – ***December 2009***
- Propose testing (MMS F22 effort) – ***2010 API Winter Meeting***

Development
Process



Verification Development & Timeline

**Example Analysis Required by ECS Complete
Recommendations Have Been Received to Modify Doc
Formed a Design Analysis Team**

Review Recommended Changes

Make Recommendations to Verification Work Group - March

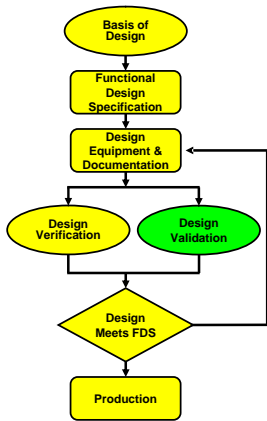
Verification Work Group Will Act on Recommendations - April

Revise Verification Document - June

Establish Review Groups to Wordsmith Document - August

Merge Work Efforts into New Revision - Oct

Submit to PER15K Task Group - Nov



Validation Development Process

- Develop the test development protocol and use the 6HP example to demonstrate it. Develop the process.
- Perform the FMEA to come up with the test protocol for the completion equipment in question. Update the process.
- Produce a document with proposed test protocol list and test steps.
- Collect feedback and update the document
- 2009: Perform FMEA for:
 - Ask participant to share FMEA and test example.
 - SCSSV
 - If time allows: Gauges or Packer

Proposed 2009 timeline

Task Name	Qtr 1, 2009			Qtr 2, 2009			Qtr 3, 2009			Qtr 4, 2009			Qtr 1, 2010			Qtr 2,
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
Task Group initial meeting																
Communicate methodology and process																
Use 6HP example to demonstrate the process																
Communicate the work agenda																
Perform first FMEA for SCSSV																
Generate draft test protocol																
Perform first FMEA for Gauges																
Generate draft test protocol																
Update previous protocol based on comments																
Update previous protocol based on comments																
Present The results to API winter meeting																